GREEK IRREGULARS WHO INVADED MACEDONIA CHASED BACK.

Five Thousand Are Reported to Have Crossed the Border, but Only Three Thousand Returned.

MANY SLAIN AND WOUNDED

ACCORDING TO ADVICES RECEIVED AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

the Rout Not Confirmed Through Greek Sources-Intimation that a Compromise Is Probable.

LONDON, April 13.-Advices from Macedonia and elsewhere, through Turkish sources, say the Greeks were defeated in their raid across the border. It is also announced the Greek irregulars have returned to Thessaly.

The Athens correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says that compromise is evidently in the air. Turkey is showing herself exceptionally friendly to Greece, and it is believed in diplomatic circles that the two parties, if left alone, would settle the af- which the Ethnike Hetairia has in view. fair in as many days. Advices from Epirus represent the situation there as a reign of terror. The Turks are laying the country waste with fire and sword. The vali of Janina has ordered every Christian to give the Turkish army ten sheep and a bullock.

The Athens correspondent of the Times says that the commanding officers of the been ordered to telegraph to the minister of war next Thursday detailed reports as structed to draft an autonomous constituto the efficiency of the troops and to point out any deficiencies. He adds that Assim Bey called yesterday (Monday) on M. Skouzes, the minister of foreign affairs, and repeated his former assertion that Greek | made too late. regulars participated in the recent invasion, declaring that a colonel of the Greek army been identified among them. M. Skouzes denied both allegations, and no further communications have passed on the subject between the two governments.

A special dispatch from Constantinople alleges that the Greek plan is to stir up a rebellion in Macedonia, to blockade Salonica and to attack Prevesa (the town on the Turkish side of the entrance of the Gulf of Arta) and Smyrna by sea, as well as to endeavor to force the passage of the Dardanelles with the torpedo division of the Greek fleet. Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief in Macedonia, the dispatch adds, has reported to his government that the Greek insurgents attacked the Turks simultaneously at nine different points. He further says they were speedily surrounded, that several prisoners were taken and that the latter have been sent to Salonica. He concludes with stating that the loss of the insurgents was heavy and that of the Turks trifling.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says that the Turkish version of the fighting at Baltino has been published in the newspaper Ikdam, which states that 5,000 Greek troops were allowed to attack the place. Their retreat was then cut off and the Greeks were finally worsted, leaving 2,000 dad and dying upon the field. The Ikdam adds: "Out of pure magnanim-

fty the Turks took no prisoners.' Another council of Turkish ministers is now in progress at the Yildiz Kiosk, and it is expected that it will result in an important decision with respect to the recent incursion upon Turkish territory. Addi-tional battalions are being dispatched from Anatolia to reinforce the Turkish army at

A dispatch from Trikhala at 10 p. m. says the insurgent bands have returned to Greek territory with the exception of one or two, which are composed of only a small num-

PLAN OF CAMPAIGN. What the Greek Irregulars Hope to

Accomplish in Turkey. ATHENS, April 13.-The frontier situation is developing slowly for two reasons. In the first place, bad weather-snows, rain and bitterly cold winds-have made campaigning in the mountainous districts anything but a picnic, and have retarded all movements. In the second place, intentional or otherwise, all dispatches are being considerably delayed, a not unusual occurrence since the beginning of the present crisis. But, if the development is slow. it is none the less menacing, and an open outbreak of hostilities or a back down on the part of one or the other of

countries most interested cannot be much longer delayed, as the strain of maintaining armies of about 100,000 men each in the field is being felt with increasing severity by both Turkey and Greece, so that a declaration of war would be welcomed by either side with a feeling of relief.

Here and at Constantinople there are

daily prolonged meetings of the councils of ministers and it is generally recognized that there must be a decided change before long. Both Greece and Turkey are trying to avoid, if possible, being classed as the aggressor in the conflict which is apparently impending, and for this reason they are acting with the greatest caution. The Greek National League, or Ethnike Hetairia is no party to this attitude of the government's and has already pushed forward a force of three thousand "irregulars," well armed, supplied and equipped, accompanied

by an ample commissariat corps, through the center of the Turkish lines, with the two-fold object of cutting off communication between the Turkish headquarters in Macedonia, at Elassona, where Edhem Pasha is in command, and the Turkish headquarters in Albania, at Janina, where Hakki Pasha is in command, and of getting in the rear of the Turks, raising Macedonia against the rule of the Sultan and forming bands of irregulars who will harass the Turks' rear, while the regular Greek

army does the real fighting in front. In spite of all official denials nobody doubts that the Greek officials were fully cognizant of the movement of the Ethnike Hetairia, which has been openly prepared for and freely discussed for a long time. It is an open secret here that by the end of the present week at least ten thousand Greek "irregulars" will be in Macedonia, Albania and Epirus, having been sent under the pretense of maintaining the status quo in obedience to the representations of the powers. The Turkish minister at Athens esterday called the attention of M. skouzes, the Greek minister for foreign affairs, to the departure from Greece of fur-"irregulars" for Macedonia, complain-

ing of their being able to "evade" the Greek troops. The reply received was similar to previously made to the Greek premier, M. Delyannis, namely, that Greece might make the same complaint as to the vigilance of the Turkish troops, "unless there was a suggestion of connivance between the two armies.

The next important move which will be heard will be from the Greek headquarters at Arta, where the banks and principal stores, etc., are closing and removing into the interior, and every other preparation possible is being made to get out of harm's way before the war begins in earnest. At Arta, it is well known here, a force of about 2,000 men organized by the Ethnike Hetairia has either started for Turkish territory or is making the final preparations for so doing. This body will be divided into six separate detachments, each ably directed and having a separate destination with the view of raising the flag of the cross in Macedonia, increasing its numbers rear of the Turkish force which will be directed from Janina against the Greek trks from Arta. The Greek government has given "strict orders" to stop the de-

commander at Arta, Colonel Manos, is 'unable to spare men to intercept them.' Nobody ever expected he would be able to "spare men" to do so. The Ethnike Hetairia probably counts him among its devoted members, as it does nearly all the officers in the Greek army, and the colonel can be counted on not to interfere with the carefully prepared plans of the national league which will make Greece a country worthy of its glorious traditions or perish bravely struggling to the last in its efforts to bring about a realization of the dream for which its members have sworn to sacrifice their lives and all their belongings

The Greek position in the vicinity of Arta is much stronger than that of the Turks, who, owing to the recent heavy rains and bad roads, will have much difficulty in communicating with their base of supplies at Janina even if the Greek "irregulars" are not successful in their purpose of pre-venting them from so doing. The Greeks are able to reach Arta from Athens in twenty-four hours, giving them a fine base of supplies, an immense advantage in a campaign such as the one planned by the Greek leaders. The volunteers from this city have already reached Arta and more are on their way there. It is the intention of the Greeks when all is ready to attack and capture Janina, which, according to the treaty of Berlin, rightfully belongs

to Greece.

Finally, another force of "irregulars" is preparing to cut off the Turkish communications with Salonica, from where the Turks at Elassona derive their supplies. If the attempt is successful the three Turkish army divisions-the eastern, near Salonica, the central, at Elassona, and the western, at Janina-in addition to the army corps at Grevena, will be cut off from communication with each other. In addition the Greek fleet proposes to make things lively off Salonica in order to prevent the landing of any supplies there. A strong Greek fleet is off Arta ready to render effective service in that direction. other Greek fleet is off the island of Skiathos prepared to strike at Salonica; another Greek fleet is off the Island of Skyro prepared to attack the Turkish islands in the Aegean sea. When the communications of the Turkish division at Janina are cut off its position will be precarious, especially in the event of a rising of the Albanians in its rear, which is one of the objects A significant fact pertaining to the way the wind is blowing is that the Greek government has telegraphed to Colonel Berthes, who has promised to bring with him 2,000 Italian volunteers, telling him to hold himself and his men in readiness to come here at any moment. All the Greek deputies have been summoned to attend the next meeting of the Chamber, and an important pronouncement is expected. The powers, however, are still trying to avert viding for a simultaneous Greek and Turkish evacuation of the island. It is feared these efforts will turn out to have been

Stopped by Foreign War Ships. CANEA, April 13 .- To-day the Turks fired upon the insurgents at Akrotiri, but the fusillade was stopped by the intervention

of the foreign war ships. While fifty Turkish soldiers were landing struck the Austrian boat, which was assist-Turkish gunboat bombarded the Greeks and repulsed them. It is said that the Cretans recently impaled outside a Turkish noncommissioned officer whom they had

When War Is Declared. ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.-The Novoe Vremya declares that all coercion of Greece on the part of the powers will cease as soon as war is declared, because otherwise it would bear the character of pro-Turkish in-

WORSE THAN HOLMES.

Ike Sheppard Says He Has Participated in Many Murders.

PITTSBURG, April 13.-Ike Sheppard (colored), wanted in Chicago for the murder of William Brady, in April, 1896, was arrested here to-day. Sheppard confesses to not only the murder of Brady, but also to that of John Dougherty, at Webster, W. Va., in 1891, and says he has been mixed up in eighteen or twenty other affairs of the kind. He tells so many stories of murders that the officials are inclined to consider him not altogether sane. Sheppard is thirty-six years old. He says in 1896, while working on the drainage canal at Chicago, he and Brady, one of the bosses, quarreled over a board bill, and as Sheppard was getting the worst of it, he shot Brady three times, killing him. The murder of Dougherty, he says, was the result of a fight over a game of cards. Dougherty accused Sheppard of cheating and shooting followed, Dougherty being killed with the second shot. Requisition papers from the Governor of Illinois for the return of Sheppard are here and officers are expected the morning to take him to Chicago.

WEYLER OUTWITTED

His Military Line Crossed by Bandera, the Insurgent Lender.

HAVANA, April 13.-Senor Fontanels, the public prosecutor who is to push the trial of the government officials arrested at Cienfuegos by order of Captain General Weyler, at Cienfuegos, has arrived there, A dispatch from Camajuani announces the arrest there of a police inspector and

prevails among the troops operating against the insurgents in the province of Santa Clara, Captain General Weyler on arriving at Sancti Spiritus learned that Quintin Bandera, the well-known insurgent leader, had passed the military line across the province of Puerto Principe, from Jucaro to Moron and the Island of Turiguano, before the Alfonso XIII battalion occupied that island. The insurgents succeeded in passing through the swamp lands between the island and Moron. The captain general has ordered the Alva and Vizcay battalions to pursue the enemy. A skirmish with the latter has already taken place at Picojo. The insurgents left eight men killed on the field, among them Lieutenant Damien Gonzales, as well as one thousand cartridges, five Mauser rifles, a quantity of medical stores and the diary of Quintin Bandera, commencing on Feb. 3. at Ventas and Casanovas, province of Santiago de Cuba, and ending on April 5 at

La Llande. Bandera was accompanied by only 150 men. Smallpox is raging at Guines, a village of 8,000 inhabitants. During the last week there have been 150 victims.

The Garellano battalion, while near Siguanea, came upon three women who were carrying a wounded insurgent. The Spaniards killed the insurgent and brought the women to Siguanea. Guerrilles killed ten insurgents at Pedreso, Matansas, stripping the dead of their arms. There have been other sk emishes in that locality recently On the order of Captain General Weyler

fourteen well-known gamblers have been arrested at Sancti Spiritus. The coaster Triton, which has arrived here after touching at various points in Finar del Rio, brought seven officers and 105 soldiers, all sick.

The insurgent leader, Ricardo Gonzales Falcon, will be tried to-morrow by courtmartial at the Cabanas fortress. Pedro Garcia, an insurgent accused of in-

cendiarism, was shot at sunrise to-day. May Accept Friendly Intervention. HAVANA, April 13 .- La Lucha in an editorial to-day says: "We have been waiting for a year and a half for a break in the relations between Spain and the United But now the coolness of both governments has quieted public opinion in both countries stood will soon be of priceless benefit to all compelling Americans to observe neutrality in Cuban affairs. Spain on her side ac ceded to all the claims made in friendly notes regarding American citizens and has thus nullified in the United States the propaganda of the anti-Spanish, and the American government has quieted the vio-

lence of the press and the Senate. The Union Constitutional also treats th question editorially in the same tone and upon the part of the American government cannot be ill considered." In conclusion parture of this force of "irregulars," but hope that the United States will give proof it is semi-officially explained the Greek of its friendship for Cuba.

FEATURES OF THE LEGISLATIVE BRIBERY INVESTIGATION.

Though the Palm of Every Hayseed Statesman Itched for Boodle, Not One Touched a Penny, They Swear.

AN OUTRAGE ON EDUCATORS

PROFESSORS FORCED TO RESIGN FOR NOT INDORSING POPULISM.

Another Fruitless Attempt to End the Deadlock Over the Election of a Kentucky Senator.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TOPEKA, Kan., April 13.-"The greatest show on earth," which gave daily performances in the two big rings of the Capitol here for over two months, has dwindled to a sideshow, but it is fully as amusing as the big circus that preceded it. The majority of the Populists who composed the State Legislature have returned to their homes to raise a fresh crop of wheels for their heads, and to grow new whiskers and hayseeds to adorn them. They left behind them, however, that they might not be too soon forgotten, a few members who had been given authority to investigate the charges of bribery made before the adjournment of the Legislature. This committee-the sideshow of the big circus-has

The show is really interesting, as all the participants are daily endeavoring to prove that they were tempted by the wily emisthey were offered money to vote for certain whose palms were continually itching for goodle, would acknowledge having accepted t. For fellows who came into power on solemn promise of fidelity to public trust, they have displayed a marvelous aptitude and desire for converting those sterling virtues into cash, regardless of personal

honor or public welfare. BOODLERS OR PERJURERS? From a legal standpoint the committee has not had evidence to absolutely prove that any one was guilty of giving or receiving money for legislative votes-but the testimony does plainly show that if money did not exert a powerful influence on members, then the senators and representatives | and towns in New Jersey. Incomplete retestified concerning acts, conversations and are infamous perjurers and vilifiers of the cause of reform. There you have the two pictures of full Populistic power in Kansas

-boodlers or perjurers-possibly both.

Viewed from a practical standpoint, what is seen? Ex-Governor, Senator and Raiiroad Commissioner L. D. Lewelling is directly charged by two prominent and reliable Populists of attempting to engineer through the Legislature a coal land dea for the State in which he estimated that there was a profit of \$25,000 to the charter members in the deal. Now, those familiar with the Lewelling administration from 1893 to 1895 express no surprise at the reform statesman's modesty in only finding \$25,000 in the deal. Much additional evidence of boodling was developed at to-day's session of the bribery investigating committee. A law giving the county powers to imprison witnesses who refuse to answer questions was unearthed and used with effect. E. C. Weilep, speaker pro tem. of the Legislature, testified that he had noticed several members making mysterious visits to the second floor of his hotel. He accosted Davis, of Wilson coun-Davis told him he had been invited to support the Hackney amendment, and that if

ascended the stairs one day and he should do so there was some money in it for him. Davis said he had declined the offer. Davis said that Frank Strickland, of Wyandotte, had come after him. Strickwitness said, was reputed to be "handled" by B. P. Waggoner, who had rooms on the second floor. Eben McCarthy, a house page, said that e had carried notes from members of the House to a man named Wilson. He read two of the notes. One was to Representative Foley, in which, witness declared, Wilson asked Foley not to support the textbook bill. In a note to another member was It is officially stated that great activity | written: "Keep your forces in line,

M. W. Moad, of Paola, said that C. R. Walters, of Labette county, told him he bill and that he was to receive \$500 more. At the close of the session he exhibited \$1,000, which he said he had made during J. M. Doyle, of Republic county, testified that he was approached by a stranger before the house had voted on the stockyards

oill and asked how he stood on the measure. Witness replied that he was for the bill, whereupon the man said: "If you were against it there would be some money in it

Waggoner's room at the latter's invitation, He told Waggoner that he had offered a compromise to the Brown railroad bill, and Waggoner said that if the Populists would be less severe on the railroads they would

help the party in future campaigns. HOW IT WAS BROUGHT ABOUT. This investigation was brought about on account of the Populists' disregard of one emblazoned on their party banners for six privileges to none." In the last Legislature the experienced and skilled boodlers who enough to take into their plots and divide up with some of the hayseed statesmen, not getting as much out of the deal as the accomplished artists in infamy they began This was very unkind. Intellect and the knowing how count for nothing with a green reformer in the first stages of Populism. He thinks the services of a shoveler of fertilizer on a potato patch is worth as much as the exercise of brain force by ; President-that the services of the "boodle captain" is worth no more than the first vote of the puppet that does his bidding. A number of the legislators have been classed either among the "fixers" or the 'fixed' and these influences have affected the fate of a number of bills. In the light of this investigation it is understood why so few of the bills became laws. They had to pass the Senate and the House and the lobby and the enrolling clerks before the Governor could get in his work. The Kansas City Star was malicious enough to sugthat the Governor did not know whether he was approving or vetoing measures. The Populists' brilliant exhibitions of have been along the line of general ex-It was known they were against education, the accumulation of facts and the truth of history. The average reform orator would not recognize a fact if he should meet one in the road. He uses a revised edition of history and would rather tell a lie on six months' credit that utter the truth for cash. It is said that "figures won't lie," but it is known

OUTRAGE ON EDUCATORS. The people have learned that temperance. intelligence and honesty are not necessary qualifications for regents of a state university. It was feared the Populists might prepared for the recent revelations from the Agricultural College at Manhattan. The Populists now control the board of regents and have just performed the most

that liars will figure

petrated in the history of Kansas. It makes their resolution, their anarchy and their socialism seem tame, pure and pa-triotic by comparison with the inborn cus-sedness of this proceeding. There are twenty-four members of the faculty proper and these accomplished, scholarly ladies and gentlemen were brought up one at a time and asked if they would hereafter support the administration. As the result of that star chamber proceeding fifteen of those professors were dismissed. There are a number of assistants and tutors who will meet a similar fate.

The most singular feature of this pro-

seeding is the impudent announcement of the leading Populist regent that the motive of it is partisan and political, instead of agricultural and educational. In an address to the student body Regent Hoffman said: "The board feels that it is impracticable to conduct the institution with President Fairchild at the head of it and the present faculty as instructors, who dif-fer so radically from the board on funda-mental principles. However, they were not dismissed because of inefficiency, nor because they are not good teachers, nor bebut because they differ with the board. For eighteen years President Fairchild has been the honored head of this institution. He has exercised the rights of citizenship and personal opinion and to this time his privilege has not been questioned. The other members dismissed have been diligent and successful in their various departments. More than that, they have lectured before farmers' institutes all over the State and by their courtesy and ability have won the affections of the farmers and all with whom they have come in contact.
They have added to the fame, the usefulness and the number of students at Man-

There will be a howl of rage from the masses when they hear of this last act of infamy. The curse of an enraged con-stituency will be heaped on an administra-tion that causes the dismissal of competent educators simply because they will not agree to teach politics and science in the

WILL VOTE TO-DAY.

Gold Democrats Will Endeavor to Break the Kentucky Dendlock.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 13 .- The gold Democrats, in caucus to-night, decided to break no more quorums in the balloting for United States senator. They admit that Hunter is liable to be elected now, but they say that the Blackburn men who refuse to support Martin will be responsible for the result. If Hunter is not elected been in session over a week, and, as one after a few trials they will demand that he citizen puts it, "the devil has broke loose retire. They are determined that if they crats of both factions and the anti-Hunter Republicans all refrained from answering for a ballot, the result being exactly the same as on yesterday, excepting as to the number of votes received by Hunter. Mr. Johns moved to adjourn, but the Repubicans insisted, and by a vote of 57 to 6, the Assembly refused to adjourn. The president ruled that a call of the House was the only thing in order, except the motion to adjourn just voted on. The motion for a call of the House was made, but there was no second, and the members sat mute. Finally the Republicans asked the call of

BALLOTING IN NEW JERSEY. Democratic Gains Reported in the Mu-

Democrats got in a motion to adjourn. The

before any report by the grand jury on the

Circuit Court adjourned for the day

latter prevailed by a viva voce vote.

bribery charges had been made.

nicipal Elections. NEW YORK, April 13 .- As a result of a decision of the Supreme Court handed down a few days ago, declaring unconstitutional the election law passed by the Legislature last spring, municipal elections which should have been held in March were held to-day in a large number of cities turns show more or less Democratic gain throughout the State. There was little excitement and a light vote was polled. In Paterson, Newark, Orange, Elizabeth, Hoboken and Jersey City large Democratic gains have been made and a majority of the Democratic candidates elected. Trenton and Rahway the Republicans have elected their nominees for the principal offles, but have lost ground in the boards of freeholders. At Camden the Republicans were also successful electing the heads of the ticket and holding the majority of the board of aldermen. At Jersey City, with 9,000 of the 28,000 votes still uncounted, the Democratic ticket leads by 1,200. The Democrats will surely control the board of al-

The following details of the elections have been received: Newark-The Democrats retain control of the Common Council. Of fifteen aldermen the Democrats elected nine. They came within two of gaining control of the Board of Education, heretofore strongly Repub-

Orange-Democrats swept the city, carryeleven Democrats and five Republicans. Board of Education, nine Democrats and six Republicans Paterson - Ex-Senator Hinchcliff, Dem.

was elected mayor by 1,200. The Republicans gained one alderman, the Democrats one freeholder. Hoboken-Lawren Fagan, Rep., was elected mayor by about 1,800. Dover-George Pierson, Dem., was elected mayor by a majority of 20. The Democrats elected two councilmen and the Re-Elizabeth-Democrats made a gain of two

remains about as last year. Bayonne - Seymour, Dem., was elected mayor by 1,000 majority. The election throughout resulted in a Democratic vic-The new Council will stand eight Democrats, three Republicans. Asbury Park-Frank L. Tenbroeck was elected mayor without opposition. The new Council stands six Republicans, one Dem-

on the Board of Education. The Council

Passaic-Andrew McLean, Rep., defeated G. Rusling, Dem., for mayor by a large majority. The election showed large Re-

publican gains. Address to Populists.

WASHINGTON, April 13 .- An address on 'The Situation and the Course that Duty Points" has been issued by a joint caucus of Populist senators and congressmen. The as at the present time. "To the People's party," it is asserted, "is due the credit for the bolt in the Republican party convention at St. Louis and for the revolt in the Democratic party that rescued the Chicago convention from the clutches of the bondholding and banking combine. dress speaks of "those politicians" who were "unwillingly forced" to accept the paign, and says should the People's party relax its efforts there is nothing in their past conduct to warrant belief that they would not support their old party again, though the gold combine should regain its control. It closes with an appeal "to every true Populist editor to cease the suicidal course of firing at each other. Turn your guns on the common enemy and let each issue of your paper be full of articles discussing the tenets of the party as laid down in the last national platform. Let there be no relaxing of efforts, but a united and steady advance all along the line and victory will crown our efforts.'

Sewall Talks to Californians. SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.-Arthur Sewall, the Democratic candidate for Vice water for the past thirty days and consequently is not familiar with the political happenings of that period. He said: "I place no special significance on the recent Democratic success in Eastern cities. They were purely the result of local influence. The people of the East are inclined to give President McKinley and his administration a fair trial. Business is very much depressed there, and, should it not improve, think Democrats will present the same silver issue four years hence and I have no loubt they will be successful. Of course, everything will depend on the financial condition of the country during the next four vears. The people have been promised better times and if they do not get them they will again demand a change of administra-

LYNCHING IN KENTUCKY

Man Who Killed His Sister's Betrayer Hanged by the Latter's Friends.

MIDDLESBOROUGH, Ky., April 13.-News was received here to-day that killing Hayden Bayden escaped, and as he had many influential friends to aid him, very one thought he would escape from of Horehound and Tar. Sold by all drugthe country, but the Haydens, it is thought, gists, n, captured and hanged him

April, May are most emphatically the months for taking a good blood purifier, because the system is now most in need of such a medicine, and because it more quickly responds to medicinal qualities. In winter impurities do not pass out of the body freely, but accumulate in the blood.

The best medicine to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood, and thus give strength and build up the system, is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Thousands take it as their Spring Medicine, and more are taking it today than ever before. If you are tired, "out of

sorts," nervous, have bad taste in the morning, aching or dizzy head, sour stomach and feel all run down, a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla will put your whole body in good order and make you strong and vigorous. It is the ideal Spring Medicine and true nerve tonic, because

Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared. 25 cents.

FORCE OF HABIT STRONG

"BOY ORATOR" BRYAN STILL TALK-ING ON HIS CAMPAIGN THEME.

He Responds to a Toast at a Celebration of the Anniversary of Thomas Jefferson's Birthday.

WASHINGTON, April 13.-The one hundred and fifty-fourth anniversary of Jefferson's birthday was celebrated to-night at the Metropolitan Hotel by a subscription dinner given under the auspices of the National Association of Democratic Clubs. The first celebration of the anniversary of Jefferson's birth occurred at the same hostelry, then known as the Indian Queen. Jackson was the guest of honor, and the occasion was made memorable by the presence of Vice President John C. Calhoun and other Democratic leaders of that day. To-night William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, the late Democratic candidate for President, was the guest of honor. Senators, representatives and others conspicuous in the counsels of the Democratic party were present, many of them from a distance. The speakers, besides Mr. Bryan, were Senator Jones of Nebraska, Richard P. Bland, Joseph C. Sibley, John J. Lentz, Andrew J. Lipscomb and William Sulger. Mr. Bryan responded to the toast/"Thomas

Jefferson." He said in part: "The party struggle which culminated sister of Cornelius Vanderbilt, is being Chicago convention of necessity alienated a portion of the party. The party was placed in the position where it was compelled to indorse the financial policy of the President or adhere to the doctrines and traditions of the party. The position taken by the Democratic party in 1896 will not be surrendered. If you doubt the permanency of the Chicago platform as a party creed, go among the rank and file of the party and measure the zeal and enthusiasm which that platform has aroused, and you will realize the impossibility of taking a backward step. True, the present administration is seeking to turn public attention to the tariff question, but if our easoning is well founded an increase of axes cannot restore prosperity to the producers of wealth. If the Dingley bill brings general and permanent prosperity the Democratic party will not be in a position to win a contest by opposing it. If, on the other hand, the Dingley bill proves a disappointment to those who advocate it. position of 1896 will be strengthpublic attention will riveted upon the fact that the cause

inancial depression is to be found in our monetary system. courage the followers of Thomas Jefferson. The spring elections indicate a growing platform. In fact the elections which have taken place show so great a gain that the ape from the wrath to come, and that is secure bimetallism by international agreement before the people of the Nation have another opportunity to speak at the polls. While we who believe in independent bimetallism generally regard an international agreement as neither necessary nor possible, we may well hope for success to any who make the attempt to secure foreign assistance. If our opponents succeed in opening the mints of other nations, as well as their own mints, we shall rejoice, because the condition of the people will be with other remedial legislation. If, however, the Republican party, after pledging itself to secure international bimetallism. finds it impossible to fulfill that pledge its expressed preference for a double standard will rise up to condemn it, if it attempts to continue longer the evils of the gold

TWO JERSEY MURDERERS

John Mackin and Paul Genz Hanged | merchant of Greenport; Mrs. Pascal Puget, for Killing a Woman.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., April 13.-John Mackin, jr., was hanged at 10:08 o'clock this morning. He was twenty-four years old and killed his wife and her mother, Mrs. Bridget Connors, on Feb. 27, 1896. He married Mary Connors five years ago. He was out of work most of the time and was not welcomed at his wife's home, where she lived with her parents. After he had been refused admittance to the house on the day of the murder he secured a gun and returned, shot his wife and her mother and almost succeeded in killing his fatherin-law. He was arrested and cut his throat the same night with a razor he had concealed in his shoe. Mackin recovered and pleaded guilty, but according to New Jersey proceedings this plea was not accepted Paul Genz was hanged at 11:04 o'clock. He killed his mistress, Clara Arnim, Hoboken Aug. 28, 1894. He was born in Prussia in 1867 and came to America in March, 1894. He was employed as a fireman of a steamship plying between Hamburg and Hoboken. During his absence Clara Anim made the acquaintance of Bernard Stencil, who supplanted Genz in her esteem. Genz begged the girl to marry him, but she refused, reminding him that he was engaged to a good girl in Germany and advising him to go home and marry her. He refused, and, going to her room soon afterward, killed her. He gave himself up and has since declared his perfect willingness to die

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Has been used over fifty years by mi ions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, 25 cents a bottle.

Stop it now! Not to-morrow, when it may have settled dangerously on the lungs, but to-day, counteract that cough, heal that irritated throat, and prevent the progress of pulmonary inflammation with Hale's Honey

Warch: Six Men Are Stronger Than One

-So are six stores stronger than one. And the six Saks Stores pull together-each for all. You benefit by it. We are able to sell the usual \$15 grade of Suits and Top Coats for \$12.50. That's doing you a practical service.

Half a hundred styles of Suits at \$12.50. A dozen styles of Top Coats at \$12.50.

Exceptional Values . . .

see In Boys' Clothing

For Easter Week. Every Garment All Wool

Some snappy things in Knee Pants Suits at \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50. A store full of novelties in Junior, Sailor and Brownie Suits-styles you'll see nowhere except at Saks'. Qualities you'll see nowhere else. Values that make Saks' the most profitable place for you to trade.

Saks & Company

SAKS' CORNER.

AMUSEMENTS.

KATIE ROONEY'S

"Greater New Yorkers." 23 Artists in

Big Vaudeville Bill. Full of Music and

To-morrow- "DARKEST AMERICA."

TWENTIETH

Century: Sports

Burlesque and Specialty Co.

BASE BALL

TO-DAY

tution among the people and much destruc-

Scats on sale at Box Office. Saturday eve-ATHLETIC CARNIVAL.

WEDNESDAY,

To-night at &.

Novel Specialties. Prices, 10c, 20c and

EMPIRE -- MONDAY, TUESDAY.

30c. Matinee Daily.

AMUSEMENTS.

ENGLISH'S=Next Saturday GRAND==To=Day= \$ F. M. Matinee and Night.

Seat Sale To-Day Pembroke.

In his Great COMEDY TRIUMPH

Posemary

AS PRESENTED FOR 150 Nights, at the Empire Theater, New York.

Original Cast, including-Maude Adams, Ethel Barrymore, Daniel Harkins, Harry Harwood,

Arthur Byron and Others.

PRICES-Night: Orch. and Orch. Circle, \$1.50; Dress Circle, \$1: Balcony (reserved), 75c; Balcony (admission), 50c; gallery, 25c. Matinee: Orch. and Orch. Circle, \$1; Dress Circle, 75c; Balcony,

Has a Highly Colored Past as a Dash-

a very swagger turnout of her own. Often

Mrs. Potter and Mr. Shepard were accom-

James, who in his younger days was fa-

more recent date these four young people

have been often seen at different theaters.

ter and Mr. Shepard dined, either before

or after the theater, at the palm garden of

perial Hotel, one a check boy in the dining

room. Mr. and Mrs. Shepard are at the

Plaza Hotel, but receive no visitors. They

will remain there until to-morrow, when

The bride was born at Greenpoint about

twenty-five years ago. "Essie" Wiggins,

as she was known in her girlhood days, was

noted throughout the countryside for her

surpassing beauty. Her father, the late

Charles Wiggins, had been for many years

a "leading merchant" of the village, and

became father of a large family, among

whom were the following: Charles B. Wig-

gins, married, at present a prominent local

Mrs. Charles King and Benjamin Wiggins

ried, and now residing in Brooklyn; Fred

and William Wiggins, both married and

living in the State of Kansas, and Edward

Wiggins, for several years a telegraph

operator for the Postal Telegraph Com-

pany in New York city. The latter has re-

sided for the past four years with his sis-

mother, Mrs. Augustus Wiggins, is still liv-

queathed to her by her deceased husband.

HE WHISPERED IN CHURCH.

Priest Charged with Striking a Ma

for Conversing with a Girl.

OWOSSO, Mich., April 13.-A warrant wa

sworn out yesterday for the arrest of Rev.

Father Peter J. Slane, of St. Paul's Roman

Catholic Church, of this city, on complaint

of James Welch, a merchant of Corunna,

charging him with assault and battery.

Welch attended vespers Sunday and Father

Slane asserts that he was disturbing the

meeting by whispering to a young woman

who occupied the same pew. The priest

left the pulpit, walked down to the pew and asked Welch if he did not know enough

Welch says he started to leave the church

when Father Slane struck him in the face

and added afterward that he regretted that

he did not kick him downstairs. Welch is

of medium size and no match for Father

Slane, who is a tall, powerful man. The

affair has attracted considerable attention.

OVERFLOW AT OMAHA.

(Concluded from First Page.)

which were badly needed. Secretary Alger

necessary, to secure quick delivery.

who is at Baton Rouge, La.

The statement that Mrs. Potter had a stage

ing and resides in a neat cottage

history is flatly denied by her relatives.

ter, Mrs. Shepard, nee Potter. The bride's | ceeded.

all of Greenport; Augustus Wiggins, mar

they will sail for Europe.

has two brothers working in the Im-

miliarly known as "Little Breeches,"

INDIANAPOLIS vs. CLEVELAND Game called at 3 o'clock.

ELLIOTT SHEPARD'S BRIDE the result of the struggle problematical. Should a crevasse occur on the Mississipp river in this State there will be great desti-

tion of property. I would suggest, there-fore, respectfully, that a portion of the appropriation for relief of overflowed sufing Widow in a New York Flat. NEW YORK, April 13.-The past history ferers be reserved by the department to meet such a contingency. of Mrs. Esther Wiggins Potter Shepara who became the wife last Saturday of BATTLE SHIP INJURED young Elliott F. Shepard, who will be worth \$30,000,000 on the death of his mother, The Oregon Strikes Bottom Going rapidly revealed. The bride was the daugh-Into the Puget Sound Dry Dock. ter of a man named Wiggins, who kept a general store at Greenpoint, L. I. Yachts-WASHINGTON, April 13.-Word reached men used to call at the store to get ice, the Navy Department to-day from Comand in this way Miss Wiggins met Alonzo mander Whiting, in charge of the Puget Potter, who wooed, won and married her, She was then sixteen; he was twenty-nine. After living together for two years they

Sound naval station, Washington, that the battle ship Oregon had grounded while approaching the dock into which she was separated by mutual consent. Later Mr. about to go to have her bottom scraped Potter died. His widow spent most of her and painted. The dispatch added that the time in New York city, maintaining a flat | vessel had bent her frames (or ribs) and in luxurious style and driving a victoria bottom plating in the vicinity of the forin the park. It was through 'Mr. Wyndward turret, but it did not in any other ham-Quin that Mrs. Potter met the young way indicate whether the damage susman who was destined to become her hustained had been serious. This will be deband. That was shortly after her return | termined by a thorough investigation which from the Pier last September. She took apartments at No. 244 West Fifty-second Secretary Long has ordered to be made by Naval Constructor Capps, who was the When Mrs. Potter met young Shepard he government representative at the Union had just returned from Europe and was works at San Francisco, and who had been then taking a special course at Harvard, so sent to Puget Sound with a gang of men was not in the city for very long at any time. But after he left Harvard he was a from the Mare island navy yard to scrape frequent visitor at the flat on Fifty-second and paint the vessel. His orders are to restreet. His sleighs and later in the season port the amount of damage done and the his carriages were frequently before her

estimated cost of repair The impression at the Navy Department is that the accident occurred some time Republican party may now be considered panied by Miss Brand, who lived with her | yesterday afternoon and later in the day a minority party. It has but one hope of and whom she first met while a patient in the officers of the vessel probably sucand inside the dock. The Oregon had been in the water for over a year and had been waiting for the spring tides to go in the dock. She was in command of Captain Barker, who had just been relieved from duty at the Mare island yard and was on Almost nightly until a week ago Mrs. Pot- his first voyage on the Oregon. The Puget sound dock is the only one on the Pacific coast large enough to accommodate a ship the Imperial Hotel. It is now claimed the the size of the Oregon. The opinion of bureau, from the information at hand is that the damage to the ship is not serious, and even should some of her frames be bent that necessarily will not require that they be repaired at the dock. Should this be necessary, however, it would require to go there from the Mare island yard. The Oregon is a first-class battle ship built by the Union iron works of San Francisco, and has cost the government nearly \$6,000,000. She is 348 feet long on her load water line, 69 feet 3 inches extreme breadth, is of 10,228 tons displacement and had a

crew of 473 officers and men. Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, April 13.-Arrived: Taurie and Cevic, from Liverpool; Havel, from Bremen: Pennsylvania, from Hamburg; Elysia, from Naples. QUEENSTOWN, April 13.-Arrived: Waesland, from Philadelphia; Majestic, from New York, for Liverpool, and pro-

from New York, for Glasgow, and proceeded. SOUTHAMPTON, April 13.-Arrived: Berlin, from Antwerp, for New York. GLASGOW. April 13 .- Arrived: State of California, from New York ROTTERDAM, 13.-Arrived: Spaarndam, from New York,

MOVILLE, April 13 .- Arrived: Anchoria,

BREMERHAVEN. April 13.-Arrived: Stuttgart, from New York. COPENHAGEN. 13.—Arrived: Heckla, from New York. LIVERPOOL, April 13.-Arrived: Pavonla, from Boston.

Soft, White Hands, Shapely Nails, Luxuriant Hats with Clean, Wholesome Scalp, produced by Curi-CURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath and nursery. The only pre-

ventive of inflammation and clogging of the Porms

BABY HUMORS Itching and Senty tostantly reflected

immediately telegraphed the depot quartermaster at St. Louis, the nearest point where the tents could be had, to ship the required number in charge of an agent, it Just before the close of office came the following telegram to Secretary Alger from Representative Robertson, of Louisiana, "Have just arrived and find the levee sit-